

Appl. No. 10/601,274  
Amdt. dated August 9, 2005  
Reply to Office action of February 9, 2005

In the Claims:

Claims 12-15 are amended to renumber them as claims 11-14.  
Claims 1-14 are amended herein.

1. (currently amended) A vector graphics circuit for rendering vector and bitmap graphics objects to a final image, the vector graphics circuit comprising:

- a. an input display list ~~means~~ memory for receiving an input stream of object data;
- b. a sorting hardware circuit for optimizing ~~the~~ a scan conversion algorithm;
- c. a Bézier hardware circuit for vector curve subdivision;
- d. an antialiasing hardware circuit for calculating sub-pixel values;
- e. a color hardware circuit for reordering and for optimizing the access to a plurality of bitmaps and mathematical tables inside the display list memory;
- f. a dump buffer hardware circuit, using a memory, which composes the vector graphics objects in a final pixel bitmap.

2. (currently amended) A vector graphics circuit according to claim 1 wherein the input display list ~~means~~ memory is arranged to include a quadratic or cubic Bézier edge data list.

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3. (currently amended) A vector graphics circuit according to claim 2 wherein the input display list ~~means~~ memory is arranged to include a color data list.

4. (currently amended) A vector graphics circuit according to claim 3 wherein the input display list ~~means~~ memory is arranged to include a color ~~ramp~~ ramp data list.

5. (currently amended) A vector graphics circuit according to claim 3 wherein the input display list ~~means~~ memory is arranged to include a pattern or bitmap data list.

6. (currently amended) A vector graphics circuit according to claim 1 wherein the sorting hardware circuit comprises:

a. an active edge processor subunit that stores the edges of a current scan line inside an active edge table with increasing X, the active edge table comprises a dual port memory, where two alternating ping-pong buffers are stored; and

b. a free active edge stack acting as a LIFO stack, to generate the address of the active edge table.

7. (currently amended) A vector graphics circuit according to claim 1 wherein a said Bézier hardware circuit store a series of segments inside an dual port memory comprising:

a. a subdivided Bézier parameter unit, comprising three couples of X and Y adders/divide by two, plus a delay element;

b. a De Casteljau subdivision unit;

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c. a Bézier subdivision tree address unit that generates the address locations of the Bézier segments inside a dual port memory.

8. (currently amended) A vector graphics circuit according to claim 1 wherein the antialiasing hardware circuit computes the number of sub-pixels present in a  $N = i*4$  real pixels per clock, to ~~obtained~~ obtain the weight factor used for a scan-converted row.

9. (currently amended) A vector graphics circuit according to claim 1 wherein the color hardware circuit includes:

a. a color generator ~~sub-unit~~ subunit that outputs a solid or a processed color when a linear gradient, a radial gradient a tiled bitmap or a clipped bitmap are associated with the active edge;

b. a color composer ~~sub-unit~~ subunit that uses the weight factor to process the color from the color generator and store the result in to a dump buffer.

10. (currently amended) A vector graphics circuit according to claim 1 wherein the buffer hardware circuit stores a pixel region into a buffer, where all the objects are composed, comprising:

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a. a fixed single line dump buffer memory that stores the color pixels processed by an antialiasing and transparence factors;

b. a store buffer memory that stores the color pixel value using the following algorithm:

i. Read read the background pixel from the store buffer memory, multiply it by the complementary of the transparence (1 - alpha), obtained from the dump buffer, and add it with the red, green, blue values again from the dump buffer<sub>-1</sub>

ii. The the result is written again inside the store buffer.

~~12~~ 11. (currently amended) A vector graphics circuit according to claim 1 wherein a Bézier hardware circuit ~~store~~ stores a series of segments inside ~~an~~ a dual port memory comprising:

a subdivided Bézier parameter unit, comprising three couples of X and Y adders/divide by two, plus a delay element.

~~13~~ 12. (currently amended) A vector graphics circuit according to claim 1 wherein a Bézier hardware circuit ~~store~~ stores a series of segments inside ~~an~~ a dual port memory comprising:

a De Casteljau subdivision unit.

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~~14~~ 13. (currently amended) A vector graphics circuit according to claim 1 wherein a Bézier hardware circuit ~~store~~ stores a series of segments inside ~~an~~ a dual port memory comprising:

a Bézier subdivision tree address unit that generates the address locations of the Bézier segments inside a dual port memory+.

~~15~~ 14. (currently amended) A vector graphics circuit for rendering vector and bitmap graphics objects to a final image, the vector graphics circuit comprising:

a. an input display list ~~means~~ memory for receiving an input stream of object data;

b. a sorting hardware circuit for optimizing the scan conversion algorithm;

c. a Bézier hardware circuit for vector curve subdivision;

d. an antialiasing hardware circuit for calculating sub-pixel values;

e. a color hardware circuit for reordering and for optimizing the access to a plurality of bitmaps and mathematical tables inside the display list memory;

f. a dump buffer hardware circuit, using a memory, which composes the vector graphics objects in a final pixel bitmap,

wherein the input display list ~~means~~ memory is arranged to include a quadratic or cubic Bézier edge data list,

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wherein the input display list ~~means~~ memory is arranged to include a color data list,

wherein the input display list ~~means~~ memory is arranged to include a color ~~ramp~~ ramp data list,

wherein the input display list ~~means~~ memory is arranged to include a pattern or bitmap data list,

wherein the sorting hardware circuit comprises:

a. an active edge processor subunit that stores the edges of a current scan line inside an active edge table with increasing X,

the active edge table comprising a dual port memory, where two alternating ping-pong buffers are stored;

b. a free active edge stack acting as a LIFO stack, to generate the address of the active edge table,

wherein a Bézier hardware circuit store a series of segments inside an dual port memory comprising:

a. a subdivided Bézier parameter unit, comprising three couples of X and Y adders/divide by two, plus a delay element;

b. a De Casteljau subdivision unit;

c. a Bézier subdivision tree address unit that generates the address locations of the Bézier segments inside a dual port memory,

wherein the antialiasing hardware circuit computes the number of sub-pixels present in a  $N = i*4$  real pixels per

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clock, to ~~obtained~~ obtain the weight factor used for a scan-converted row,

wherein the color hardware circuit includes:

a. a color generator sub unit that outputs a solid or a processed color when a linear gradient, a radial gradient a tiled bitmap or a clipped bitmap are associated with the active edge;

b. a color composer sub unit that uses the weight factor to process the color from the color generator and store the result in to a dump buffer,

wherein the buffer hardware circuit stores a pixel region into a buffer, where all the objects are composed, comprising:

a. a fixed single line dump buffer memory that stores the color pixels processed by an antialiasing and transparency factors;

b. a store buffer memory that stores the color pixel value using the following algorithm:

i. Read read the background pixel from the store buffer memory, multiply it by the complementary of the transparency ( $1 - \alpha$ ), obtained from the dump buffer, and add it with the red, green, blue values again from the dump buffer,

ii. ~~The~~ the result is written again inside the store buffer.